AT ACREST 1 Approved For Release 2001/12/04: CIA-RDP82-00457R008000720012-5

Planese wees the are are expense error or the Denoscap renorman for 1772 - 1777 (btiti ties are in Thousand: of DM East)

25X1A

Planned for Totals for 1955 Total 1954 1991 1950 Receirts: 25,370 3,176 27,225 131,265 20,750 27,150 24,770 35,239 Interest 2,710 2,670 14,052 2,820 856 .676 Commissions and charges (Trovisionen u. Geschäftseinnahmen) 371 1,855 2,434 3**7**1 371 371 371 Commercial fees (Wirtschaftseinnahmen) d. Loss 30,231 30,260 147,172 32,579 27,817 28,917 29,941 2. Expenditures: 12,600 62,995 25,030 175 12,785 12,085 12,800 12,725 Interest \* 107 20 21 Commissions 11,445) 53,399 8,584) 10,300) 11,445) 36) Salaries (incl. social insurance mayments) 36) 36) 36) 14,618 6,925 1,395 2,798 3,096 3,176 3,114 2,988 đ. Pusiness and commercial expenditures 1,585 1,092 1,099 1,345 Taxes \*\* 2,527 1,804 300 300 300 225 Social welfare 171) 3,005 171) 3,907 671 171 171 Depreciation g. 550) 550) 550) 4,728 1,017 841 619 263 1,713 538 h. Profit 147,172 30,231 30,266 20,917 29,941 27,317 38,579 \*\* Mote: The breakdown of taxes is given as follows: 1,020 1.203 610 810 Cornoration tax 420 115 445 120 375 370 494 Tax on trade 107 109 112 Other taxes 1,092 1,345 1,585 1,099 1,304

The amount of taxes aprears higher in 1951 pecause of a double taxation caused by the uncompleted inclusion of the Landesgenossenschaftbanken in 25X1A the Deutsche Bauernbank.

Comment: It will be noted that DBB interest rayments are to be lower in 1951 than in 1950. This comes about because the Kreissparkassen are no longer permitted to lend money to the Deutsche Educanbank as heretofore. Up to 1950 they had been lending money to the DBB at 2.5 per cent., but the Deutsche Educanbank no longer permits this, more especially since the Kreissparkassen were, at the same time, being refinanced by the Motenbank. The inclusion of the Landesgenossenschaftsbanken within the Educanbank, beginning in 1951, eliminates certain duplications in interest rayments to the Bauernbank, thereby making total interest receivts smaller. Finally, the lending of money to the various Konsumvereine has been taken away from the Bauernbank and is now done by the Motenbank. The Saxony Konsum business, however, was being handled by the Motenbank, as an exception, even before the reorganization of the Bauernbank was initiated.